# BEELED

## **BEELED** -

### MODEL: 5003R2C-BHC-S

#### Features

- High efficiency
- Low Power consumption
- General purpose leads
- Selected minimum intensities
- Available on tape and reel
- Pb free

### Descriptions

- The series is specially designed for applications requiring higher brightness
- The LED lamps are available with different
- colors, intensities, epoxy colors, etc
- Superior performance in outdoor environment

### **Usage Notes:**

- Surge will damage the LED
- When using LED, it must use a protective resistor in series with DC current about 20mA

### Applications

- Status indicators
- Commercial use
- Advertising Signs
- Back lighting



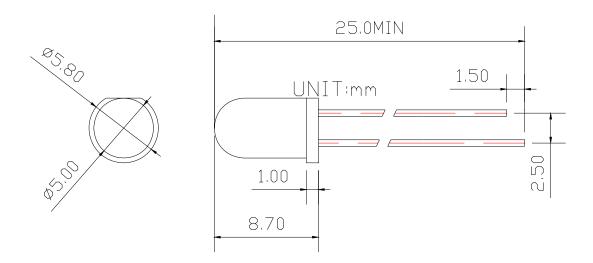
## BEELED -

### MODEL: 5003R2C-BHC-S

### **Device Selection Guide**

LED Part No.	Cł	nip		
	Material	Emitted Color	Lens Color	
5003R2C-BHC-S	GaAsP	Red	Water clear	

## Package Dimensions



#### Notes:

- Other dimensions are in millimeters, tolerance is 0.25mm except being specified.
- Protruded resin under flange is 1.5mm Max LED.
- Bare copper alloy is exposed at tie-bar portion after cutting.

# BEELED

## **BEELED** -

#### MODEL: 5003R2C-BHC-S

#### Absolute Maximum Rating (T<sub>a</sub>=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Forward Pulse Current	I <sub>FPM</sub>	100	mA
Forward Current	I <sub>FM</sub>	30	mA
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	60	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40~+80	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~+100	°C
Soldering Heat (5s)	Tsol	260	°C

#### Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition
Luminous Intensity	Iv	250		400	mcd	IF=20mA(Note1)
Viewing Angle	$2\theta_{1/2}$		15		Deg	(Note 2)
Peak Emission Wavelength	λp	630		640	nm	IF=20mA
Spectral Line Half-Width	Δλ	15	20	25	nm	IF=20mA
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	1.9		2.3	V	IF=20mA
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>			10	μΑ	VR=5V

#### Note:

- 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
- 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.